

catena-Poly[piperazindium [zincate(II)-bis(μ -pyridine-2,3-dicarboxylato)- $\kappa^3 N, O^2: O^3; \kappa^3 O^3: N, O^2$] tetrahydrate]

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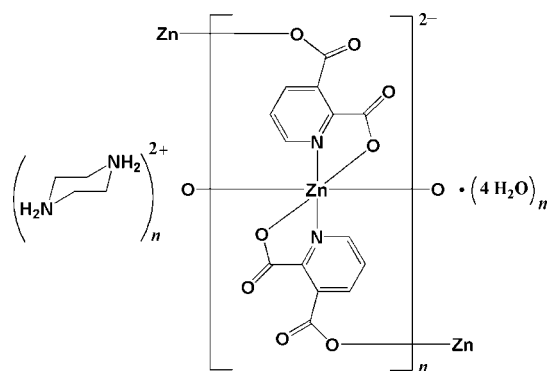
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.027; wR factor = 0.071; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.4.

The centrosymmetric title compound, $\{(C_4H_{12}N_2)[Zn(C_{14}H_6N_2O_8)_2] \cdot 4H_2O\}_n$ or $\{(pipzH_2)[Zn(py-2,3-dc)_2] \cdot 4H_2O\}_n$, where $py-2,3-dcH_2$ is pyridine-2,3-dicarboxylic acid and $pipz$ is piperazine, was obtained by the reaction of zinc(II) nitrate tetrahydrate with $(pipzH_2)(py-2,3-dc)$ as a proton-transfer compound in aqueous solution. Each Zn^{II} (site symmetry $\bar{1}$) is coordinated in a distorted octahedral geometry by four O atoms and two N atoms from two bidentate $(py-2,3-dc)^{2-}$ ligands, which also act as bridging ligands between Zn^{II} atoms. The four donor atoms of the two coplanar $(py-2,3-dc)^{2-}$ anions form a square-planar arrangement around the Zn^{II} centre. In the crystal structure, extensive $O-H \cdots O$, $N-H \cdots O$ and $C-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds, as well as ion pairing and $\pi-\pi$ stacking [with a distance of $3.8693(8)$ Å between two aromatic rings] between different fragments, play an important role in the stabilization of the supramolecular structure.

Related literature

We have reported cases in which proton transfer from pyridine-2,6-dicarboxylic acid ($pydcH_2$) and benzene-1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylic acid ($btch_4$) to piperazine ($pipz$) and 1,10-phenanthroline ($phen$) resulted in the formation of novel self-assembled $(pipzH_2)(pydc)$ (Aghabozorg, Ghadermazi, Manteghi & Nakhjavan, 2006) and $(phenH)_4(btch_3)_2(btch_2)$ (Aghabozorg, Ghadermazi & Attar Gharamaleki, 2006) systems, respectively. The resulting compounds, with some remaining sites as electron donors, can coordinate to metallic ions (Aghabozorg, Ghasemikhah, Ghadermazi *et al.*, 2006; Aghabozorg, Ghasemikhah, Soleimannejad *et al.*, 2006; Aghabozorg, Sadr-khanlou *et al.*, 2007; Aghabozorg, Zabihi *et al.*, 2006; Aghabozorg, Bahrami *et al.*, 2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

$(C_4H_{12}N_2)[Zn(C_{14}H_6N_2O_8)_2] \cdot 4H_2O$
 $M_r = 555.80$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 6.6535(6)$ Å
 $b = 8.4170(8)$ Å
 $c = 10.3399(9)$ Å
 $\alpha = 78.493(2)^\circ$
 $\beta = 79.524(2)^\circ$

$\gamma = 71.284(2)^\circ$
 $V = 533.07(8)$ Å³
 $Z = 1$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.23$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100(2)$ K
 $0.35 \times 0.31 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (APEX2; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{min} = 0.673$, $T_{max} = 0.791$

6813 measured reflections
 3105 independent reflections
 2876 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{int} = 0.020$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.071$
 $S = 1.00$
 3105 reflections

160 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.45$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.46$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

Zn1—N1	2.0543 (10)	Zn1—O3 ⁱ	2.2985 (9)
Zn1—O1	2.0605 (9)		
N1 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O1	99.34 (4)	N1—Zn1—O3 ⁱ	88.21 (4)
N1—Zn1—O1	80.66 (4)	O1—Zn1—O3 ⁱ	85.62 (3)
N1 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O3 ⁱ	91.79 (4)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O3 ⁱ	94.38 (3)
C2—C1—C6—O2	4.81 (17)	C1—C2—C7—O3	96.11 (14)
C2—C1—C6—O1	−175.42 (11)	C1—C2—C7—O4	−88.75 (14)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z$.

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
N1S—H2S \cdots O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	1.87	2.753 (2)	174
N1S—H1S \cdots O3 ^{iv}	0.89	2.15	3.012 (1)	164
N1S—H1S \cdots O4 ^{iv}	0.89	2.35	3.054 (1)	137
O1W—H1W1 \cdots O4 ^v	0.85	2.01	2.842 (2)	168
O1W—H2W1 \cdots O2W ^{vi}	0.85	1.93	2.746 (2)	159
O2W—H1W2 \cdots O4 ^v	0.85	1.92	2.763 (1)	172
O2W—H2W2 \cdots O1	0.85	2.06	2.868 (1)	159
C2S—H2SA \cdots O2 ^{iv}	0.97	2.43	3.298 (2)	148
C2S—H2SA \cdots O4 ^{iv}	0.97	2.58	3.264 (2)	128

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$C2S-H2SB \cdots O1$	0.97	2.46	3.307 (2)	145
$C2S-H2SB \cdots O2$	0.97	2.54	3.420 (2)	151
$C4-H4A \cdots O1W^{iii}$	0.93	2.43	3.264 (2)	150

Symmetry codes: (iii) $-x - 1, -y + 1, -z - 1$; (iv) $-x + 1, -y, -z - 1$; (v) $x - 1, y + 1, z$; (vi) $-x, -y + 1, -z - 1$; (vii) $-x, -y, -z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *APEX2*; data reduction: *APEX2*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 1998); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: OM2156).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2007). E63, m2468-m2469 [doi:10.1107/S1600536807042651]

***catena*-Poly[piperazindium [zincate(II)-bis(μ -pyridine-2,3-dicarboxylato)- $\kappa^3 N, O^2: O^3; \kappa^3 O^3: N, O^2$] tetrahydrate]**

H. Aghabozorg, S. Daneshvar, E. Motyeian, M. Ghadermazi and J. Attar Gharamaleki

Comment

Here we report a new polymeric compound obtained from reaction of zinc(II) nitrate tetrahydrate with (pipzH₂)(py-2,3-dc) as proton-transfer compound. The crystal structure of the title polymeric compound is shown in Fig. 1. Some selected bond distances and bond angles are listed in Table 1. The intermolecular hydrogen bond distances are listed in Table 2.

This compound crystallizes in the triclinic system, space group $P\bar{1}$, with one formula in the unit cell. In anionic complex, [Zn(py-2,3-dc)₂]²⁻, the Zn^{II} (site symmetry $\bar{1}$) is hexacoordinated by two nitrogen atoms N1, and N1c (c: $-x, -y, -z$) and four oxygen atoms O1, O1c, O3a and O3d of carboxylate groups (a: $x - 1, y, z$; d: $-x + 1, -y, -z$) of two (py-2,3-dc)²⁻ fragments which also act as bridging ligands between Zn^{II}. O3a and O3d atoms from two neighbor (py-2,3-dc)²⁻ fragments occupy the axial positions, while O1, O1c, N1, N1c from two (py-2,3-dc)²⁻ fragments as bidentate ligands, form the equatorial plane. The N—Zn—N and O—Zn—O bond angles are linear. The four donor atoms of the two coplanar (py-2,3-dc)²⁻ anions form a square-planar arrangement around the Zn^{II} center.

The equatorial Zn—N and Zn—O bond lengths for Zn1 are 2.0543 (10) and 2.0605 (9) Å, respectively. The axial Zn—O bond length [2.2985 (9) Å] is significantly longer than equatorial bond lengths which is consistent with the corresponding data reported in literature (Aghabozorg, Sadr-khanlou *et al.*, 2007). According to bond lengths, bond and torsion angles, arrangement of the six donor atoms around Zn^{II} is a distorted octahedral. The angle between plane passing from pyridine ring (N1/C1—C5) and the plane passing carboxylate group (OCO) is 88.15 (3)°, indicating that these bridging carboxylate groups are almost perpendicular to the aromatic ring.

A considerable feature of the compound (I) is the presence of π - π stacking with distance of 3.8693 (8) Å ($1 - x, -1 - y, -z$) between two centroids of aromatic rings (Aghabozorg, Zabihi, *et al.*, 2006) (Fig. 2).

In the crystal structure, the spaces between two layers of [Zn(py-2,3-dc)₂]²⁻ fragments are filled with layers of (pipzH₂)²⁺ cations and uncoordinated water molecules (Fig. 3). The most important features of the crystal structure of (I) is the presence of a large number of O—H...O, N—H...O and C—H...O hydrogen bonds between (pipzH₂)²⁺ and [Zn(py-2,3-dc)₂]²⁻ fragments and uncoordinated water molecules with D...A distances ranging from 2.746 (2) Å to 3.420 (2) Å (Table 2). Ion pairing and π - π stacking are also effective in the stabilization of the crystal structure. These interactions result in the formation of a supramolecular structure (Fig. 4).

Experimental

The proton-transfer ion pair was prepared by a reaction between piperazine and pyridine-2,3-dicarboxylic acid. Starting with a 1:1 molar ratio of the reactants in THF, a puffy white precipitate was obtained. By recrystallization in an aqueous

supplementary materials

solution, pale-yellow crystals were obtained. A solution of $\text{Zn}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (130 mg, 0.5 mmol) in water (20 ml) was added to an aqueous solution of $(\text{pipzH}_2)(\text{py-2,3-dc})$ (253 mg, 1.0 mmol) in water (20 ml) in a 1:2 molar ratio. Colorless crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray characterization were obtained after a few days at room temperature.

Refinement

The hydrogen atoms of NH_2 group and H_2O were found in difference Fourier synthesis. The H(C) atom positions were calculated. All hydrogen atoms were refined in isotropic approximation in riding model with the $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$ parameters equal to $1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_i)$ where $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_i)$ are the equivalent thermal parameters of the atoms to which corresponding H atoms are bonded.

Figures

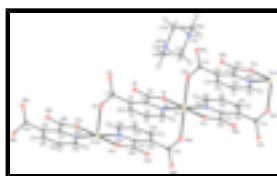


Fig. 1. The structure of (I), showing the atom-numbering scheme and displacement. Ellipsoids are at the 50% probability level. Water molecules are omitted for clarity. Atoms marked with a, c, d and e suffixes are related by the symmetry codes: (a: $x - 1, y, z$; b: $x + 1, y, z$; c: $-x, -y, -z$; d: $-x + 1, -y, -z$; e: $-x, -y, -z + 1$).

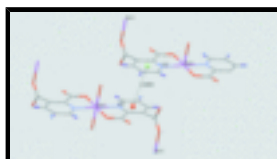


Fig. 2. π - π Stacking interactions between two aromatic rings of (I). The average distance between the planes is $3.8693(8) \text{ \AA}$ ($1 - x, -1 - y, -z$).

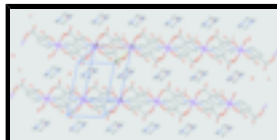


Fig. 3. A layered packing diagram of (I). The space between the two layers of $[\text{Zn}(\text{py-2,3-dc})_2]^{2-}$ fragments is filled with a layer of $(\text{pipzH}_2)^{2+}$ cations and water molecules.

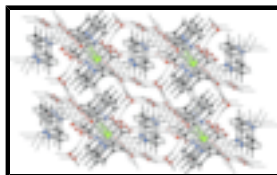


Fig. 4. The crystal packing of (I), hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

catena-Poly[piperazindium [zincate(II)-bis(μ -pyridine-2,3-dicarboxylato)- $\kappa^3\text{N},\text{O}^2:\text{O}^3;\kappa^3\text{O}^3:\text{N},\text{O}^2$] tetrahydrate]

Crystal data

$(\text{C}_4\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2)[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_6\text{N}_2\text{O}_8)_2] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$

$M_r = 555.80$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 1$

$a = 6.6535(6) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 8.4170(8) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 10.3399(9) \text{ \AA}$

$Z = 1$

$F_{000} = 288$

$D_x = 1.731 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 3747 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}30.1^\circ$

$\mu = 1.23 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$\alpha = 78.493 (2)^\circ$
 $\beta = 79.524 (2)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 71.284 (2)^\circ$
 $V = 533.07 (8) \text{ \AA}^3$

$T = 100 (2) \text{ K}$
 Plate, colourless
 $0.35 \times 0.31 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Monochromator: graphite
 $T = 100(2) \text{ K}$
 φ and ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (APEX2; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.673, T_{\max} = 0.791$
 6813 measured reflections

3105 independent reflections
 2876 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.020$
 $\theta_{\max} = 30.1^\circ$
 $\theta_{\min} = 2.0^\circ$
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
 $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
 $l = -14 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.071$
 $S = 1.01$
 3105 reflections
 160 parameters
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
 Hydrogen site location: mixed
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0412P)^2 + 0.2057P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.45 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.46 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Zn1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.01300 (7)
O1	0.19351 (14)	0.09480 (11)	-0.15435 (9)	0.01152 (17)

supplementary materials

O2	0.52743 (14)	0.02875 (12)	-0.25947 (9)	0.01283 (18)
O3	0.96403 (14)	-0.15685 (12)	-0.14797 (9)	0.01339 (18)
O4	0.87264 (15)	-0.31878 (12)	-0.25892 (9)	0.01359 (18)
N1	0.28879 (16)	-0.17768 (13)	0.03105 (10)	0.00907 (18)
C1	0.45027 (19)	-0.15066 (15)	-0.06130 (11)	0.0087 (2)
C2	0.65942 (19)	-0.25589 (15)	-0.05727 (12)	0.0084 (2)
C3	0.6983 (2)	-0.38953 (16)	0.04854 (12)	0.0124 (2)
H3A	0.8366	-0.4613	0.0549	0.015*
C4	0.5320 (2)	-0.41542 (16)	0.14380 (12)	0.0128 (2)
H4A	0.5570	-0.5034	0.2149	0.015*
C5	0.32724 (19)	-0.30735 (16)	0.13094 (12)	0.0105 (2)
H5A	0.2139	-0.3254	0.1933	0.013*
C6	0.38876 (19)	0.00268 (15)	-0.16781 (12)	0.0089 (2)
C7	0.84343 (19)	-0.23815 (15)	-0.16344 (12)	0.0099 (2)
N1S	-0.16806 (17)	0.12631 (13)	-0.56677 (10)	0.0114 (2)
H2S	-0.3041	0.1894	-0.5687	0.014*
H1S	-0.1003	0.1518	-0.6465	0.014*
C1S	-0.0706 (2)	0.16761 (16)	-0.46338 (13)	0.0136 (2)
H1SA	-0.1517	0.1488	-0.3768	0.016*
H1SB	-0.0750	0.2862	-0.4828	0.016*
C2S	0.1594 (2)	0.05685 (16)	-0.46129 (13)	0.0124 (2)
H2SA	0.2420	0.0797	-0.5466	0.015*
H2SB	0.2215	0.0831	-0.3933	0.015*
O1W	-0.42260 (15)	0.66016 (12)	-0.41719 (10)	0.01514 (18)
H1W1	-0.3478	0.6809	-0.3678	0.018*
H2W1	-0.3500	0.6226	-0.4871	0.018*
O2W	0.14990 (16)	0.39242 (12)	-0.35148 (9)	0.01651 (19)
H1W2	0.0730	0.4798	-0.3174	0.020*
H2W2	0.1794	0.3169	-0.2840	0.020*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Zn1	0.00588 (10)	0.01412 (11)	0.01298 (11)	0.00031 (7)	0.00178 (7)	0.00357 (7)
O1	0.0074 (4)	0.0114 (4)	0.0122 (4)	-0.0002 (3)	0.0000 (3)	0.0010 (3)
O2	0.0097 (4)	0.0146 (4)	0.0111 (4)	-0.0027 (3)	0.0012 (3)	0.0012 (3)
O3	0.0091 (4)	0.0167 (4)	0.0141 (4)	-0.0053 (3)	0.0007 (3)	-0.0013 (3)
O4	0.0125 (4)	0.0149 (4)	0.0104 (4)	-0.0006 (3)	0.0010 (3)	-0.0032 (3)
N1	0.0072 (4)	0.0103 (4)	0.0093 (4)	-0.0026 (4)	0.0000 (3)	-0.0015 (3)
C1	0.0082 (5)	0.0088 (5)	0.0085 (5)	-0.0020 (4)	-0.0004 (4)	-0.0018 (4)
C2	0.0076 (5)	0.0091 (5)	0.0085 (5)	-0.0025 (4)	-0.0001 (4)	-0.0017 (4)
C3	0.0093 (5)	0.0124 (5)	0.0125 (5)	-0.0010 (4)	-0.0013 (4)	0.0014 (4)
C4	0.0127 (5)	0.0126 (5)	0.0110 (5)	-0.0030 (4)	-0.0012 (4)	0.0018 (4)
C5	0.0099 (5)	0.0119 (5)	0.0093 (5)	-0.0043 (4)	0.0009 (4)	-0.0006 (4)
C6	0.0091 (5)	0.0086 (5)	0.0092 (5)	-0.0027 (4)	-0.0017 (4)	-0.0013 (4)
C7	0.0064 (5)	0.0101 (5)	0.0090 (5)	0.0010 (4)	-0.0004 (4)	0.0017 (4)
N1S	0.0100 (5)	0.0129 (5)	0.0099 (4)	-0.0031 (4)	-0.0012 (4)	0.0011 (4)
C1S	0.0132 (6)	0.0128 (5)	0.0160 (6)	-0.0044 (4)	-0.0015 (4)	-0.0044 (4)

C2S	0.0123 (5)	0.0131 (5)	0.0131 (5)	-0.0052 (4)	-0.0025 (4)	-0.0017 (4)
O1W	0.0122 (4)	0.0181 (5)	0.0138 (4)	-0.0042 (4)	-0.0004 (3)	-0.0009 (3)
O2W	0.0215 (5)	0.0121 (4)	0.0123 (4)	-0.0005 (4)	-0.0012 (4)	-0.0017 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Zn1—N1 ⁱ	2.0543 (10)	C3—H3A	0.9300
Zn1—N1	2.0543 (10)	C4—C5	1.3869 (17)
Zn1—O1	2.0605 (9)	C4—H4A	0.9300
Zn1—O1 ⁱ	2.0605 (9)	C5—H5A	0.9300
Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱ	2.2984 (9)	N1S—C1S	1.4931 (16)
Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.2985 (9)	N1S—C2S ^v	1.4948 (16)
O1—C6	1.2803 (14)	N1S—H2S	0.8919
O2—C6	1.2355 (15)	N1S—H1S	0.8863
O3—C7	1.2572 (15)	C1S—C2S	1.5160 (18)
O3—Zn1 ^{iv}	2.2985 (9)	C1S—H1SA	0.9700
O4—C7	1.2594 (15)	C1S—H1SB	0.9700
N1—C5	1.3381 (16)	C2S—N1S ^v	1.4948 (16)
N1—C1	1.3472 (15)	C2S—H2SA	0.9700
C1—C2	1.3921 (16)	C2S—H2SB	0.9700
C1—C6	1.5179 (16)	O1W—H1W1	0.8500
C2—C3	1.3980 (16)	O1W—H2W1	0.8500
C2—C7	1.5131 (16)	O2W—H1W2	0.8501
C3—C4	1.3839 (17)	O2W—H2W2	0.8500
N1 ⁱ —Zn1—N1	180.00 (10)	C5—C4—H4A	120.7
N1 ⁱ —Zn1—O1	99.34 (4)	N1—C5—C4	121.61 (11)
N1—Zn1—O1	80.66 (4)	N1—C5—H5A	119.2
N1 ⁱ —Zn1—O1 ⁱ	80.66 (4)	C4—C5—H5A	119.2
N1—Zn1—O1 ⁱ	99.34 (4)	O2—C6—O1	125.37 (11)
O1—Zn1—O1 ⁱ	180.00 (7)	O2—C6—C1	118.55 (11)
N1 ⁱ —Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱ	88.21 (4)	O1—C6—C1	116.08 (10)
N1—Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱ	91.79 (4)	O3—C7—O4	124.35 (11)
O1—Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱ	94.38 (3)	O3—C7—C2	119.85 (11)
O1 ⁱ —Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱ	85.62 (3)	O4—C7—C2	115.61 (11)
N1 ⁱ —Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	91.79 (4)	C1S—N1S—C2S ^v	110.07 (10)
N1—Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	88.21 (4)	C1S—N1S—H2S	111.2
O1—Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	85.62 (3)	C2S ^v —N1S—H2S	108.8
O1 ⁱ —Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	94.38 (3)	C1S—N1S—H1S	109.5
O3 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	180.00 (3)	C2S ^v —N1S—H1S	111.3
C6—O1—Zn1	114.73 (8)	H2S—N1S—H1S	105.9
C7—O3—Zn1 ^{iv}	140.01 (8)	N1S—C1S—C2S	109.90 (10)
C5—N1—C1	120.13 (11)	N1S—C1S—H1SA	109.7
C5—N1—Zn1	127.08 (8)	C2S—C1S—H1SA	109.7
C1—N1—Zn1	112.76 (8)	N1S—C1S—H1SB	109.7
N1—C1—C2	121.76 (11)	C2S—C1S—H1SB	109.7

supplementary materials

N1—C1—C6	115.51 (10)	H1SA—C1S—H1SB	108.2
C2—C1—C6	122.72 (10)	N1S ^v —C2S—C1S	110.09 (10)
C1—C2—C3	117.62 (11)	N1S ^v —C2S—H2SA	109.6
C1—C2—C7	123.78 (11)	C1S—C2S—H2SA	109.6
C3—C2—C7	118.54 (10)	N1S ^v —C2S—H2SB	109.6
C4—C3—C2	120.27 (11)	C1S—C2S—H2SB	109.6
C4—C3—H3A	119.9	H2SA—C2S—H2SB	108.2
C2—C3—H3A	119.9	H1W1—O1W—H2W1	113.2
C3—C4—C5	118.57 (11)	H1W2—O2W—H2W2	103.3
C3—C4—H4A	120.7		
N1 ⁱ —Zn1—O1—C6	-175.52 (8)	C1—C2—C3—C4	0.88 (18)
N1—Zn1—O1—C6	4.48 (8)	C7—C2—C3—C4	-176.55 (11)
O3 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O1—C6	95.58 (8)	C2—C3—C4—C5	0.63 (19)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn1—O1—C6	-84.42 (8)	C1—N1—C5—C4	0.91 (18)
O1—Zn1—N1—C5	176.22 (11)	Zn1—N1—C5—C4	-177.46 (9)
O1 ⁱ —Zn1—N1—C5	-3.78 (11)	C3—C4—C5—N1	-1.56 (19)
O3 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—N1—C5	82.07 (10)	Zn1—O1—C6—O2	174.12 (10)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn1—N1—C5	-97.93 (10)	Zn1—O1—C6—C1	-5.63 (13)
O1—Zn1—N1—C1	-2.26 (8)	N1—C1—C6—O2	-176.02 (10)
O1 ⁱ —Zn1—N1—C1	177.74 (8)	C2—C1—C6—O2	4.81 (17)
O3 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—N1—C1	-96.40 (8)	N1—C1—C6—O1	3.75 (15)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn1—N1—C1	83.60 (8)	C2—C1—C6—O1	-175.42 (11)
C5—N1—C1—C2	0.71 (17)	Zn1 ^{iv} —O3—C7—O4	-177.67 (8)
Zn1—N1—C1—C2	179.30 (9)	Zn1 ^{iv} —O3—C7—C2	-2.98 (19)
C5—N1—C1—C6	-178.48 (10)	C1—C2—C7—O3	96.11 (14)
Zn1—N1—C1—C6	0.12 (12)	C3—C2—C7—O3	-86.63 (15)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-1.58 (18)	C1—C2—C7—O4	-88.75 (14)
C6—C1—C2—C3	177.55 (11)	C3—C2—C7—O4	88.51 (14)
N1—C1—C2—C7	175.70 (11)	C2S ^v —N1S—C1S—C2S	58.59 (14)
C6—C1—C2—C7	-5.17 (18)	N1S—C1S—C2S—N1S ^v	-58.60 (14)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z$; (ii) $-x+1, -y, -z$; (iii) $x-1, y, z$; (iv) $x+1, y, z$; (v) $-x, -y, -z-1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1S—H2S \cdots O1W ^{vi}	0.89	1.87	2.753 (2)	174
N1S—H1S \cdots O3 ^{vii}	0.89	2.15	3.012 (1)	164
N1S—H1S \cdots O4 ^{vii}	0.89	2.35	3.054 (1)	137
O1W—H1W1 \cdots O4 ^{viii}	0.85	2.01	2.842 (2)	168
O1W—H2W1 \cdots O2W ^{ix}	0.85	1.93	2.746 (2)	159
O2W—H1W2 \cdots O4 ^{viii}	0.85	1.92	2.763 (1)	172
O2W—H2W2 \cdots O1	0.85	2.06	2.868 (1)	159
C2S—H2SA \cdots O2 ^{vii}	0.97	2.43	3.298 (2)	148
C2S—H2SA \cdots O4 ^{vii}	0.97	2.58	3.264 (2)	128

C2S—H2SB···O1	0.97	2.46	3.307 (2)	145
C2S—H2SB···O2	0.97	2.54	3.420 (2)	151
C4—H4A···O1W ^x	0.93	2.43	3.264 (2)	150

Symmetry codes: (vi) $-x-1, -y+1, -z-1$; (vii) $-x+1, -y, -z-1$; (viii) $x-1, y+1, z$; (ix) $-x, -y+1, -z-1$; (x) $-x, -y, -z$.

Fig. 1

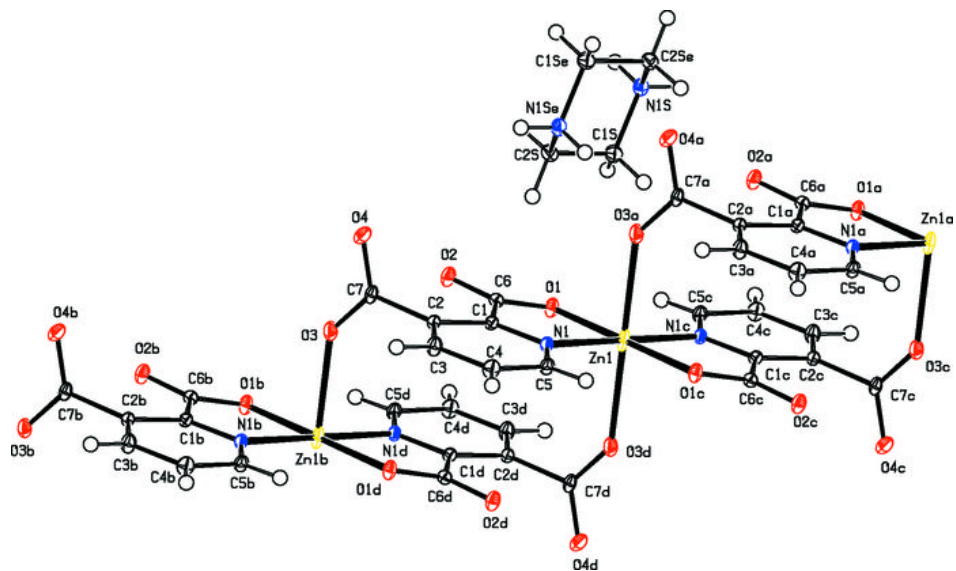


Fig. 2

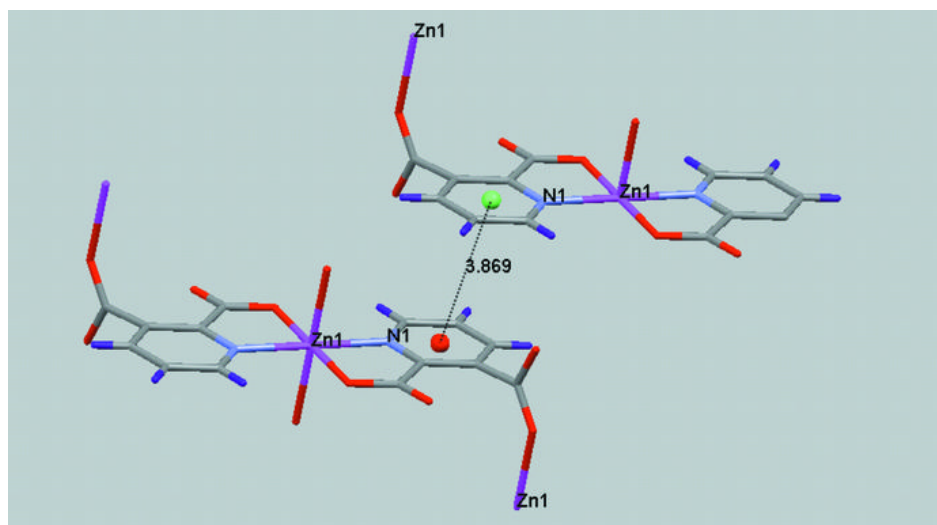


Fig. 3

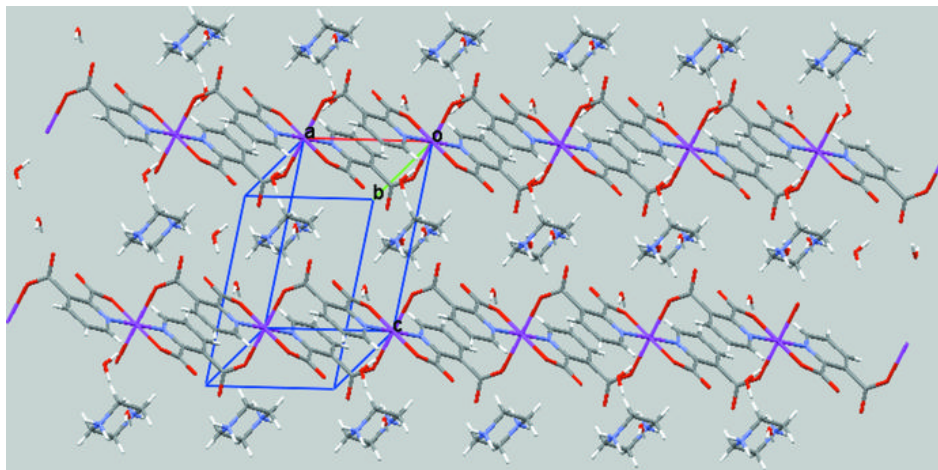


Fig. 4

